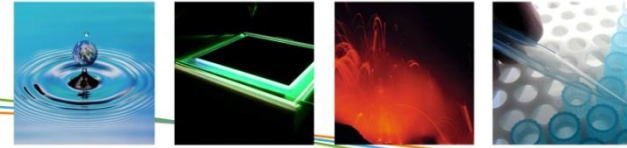




# vito

vision on technology



## SAHYOG: Strategic Research Agenda

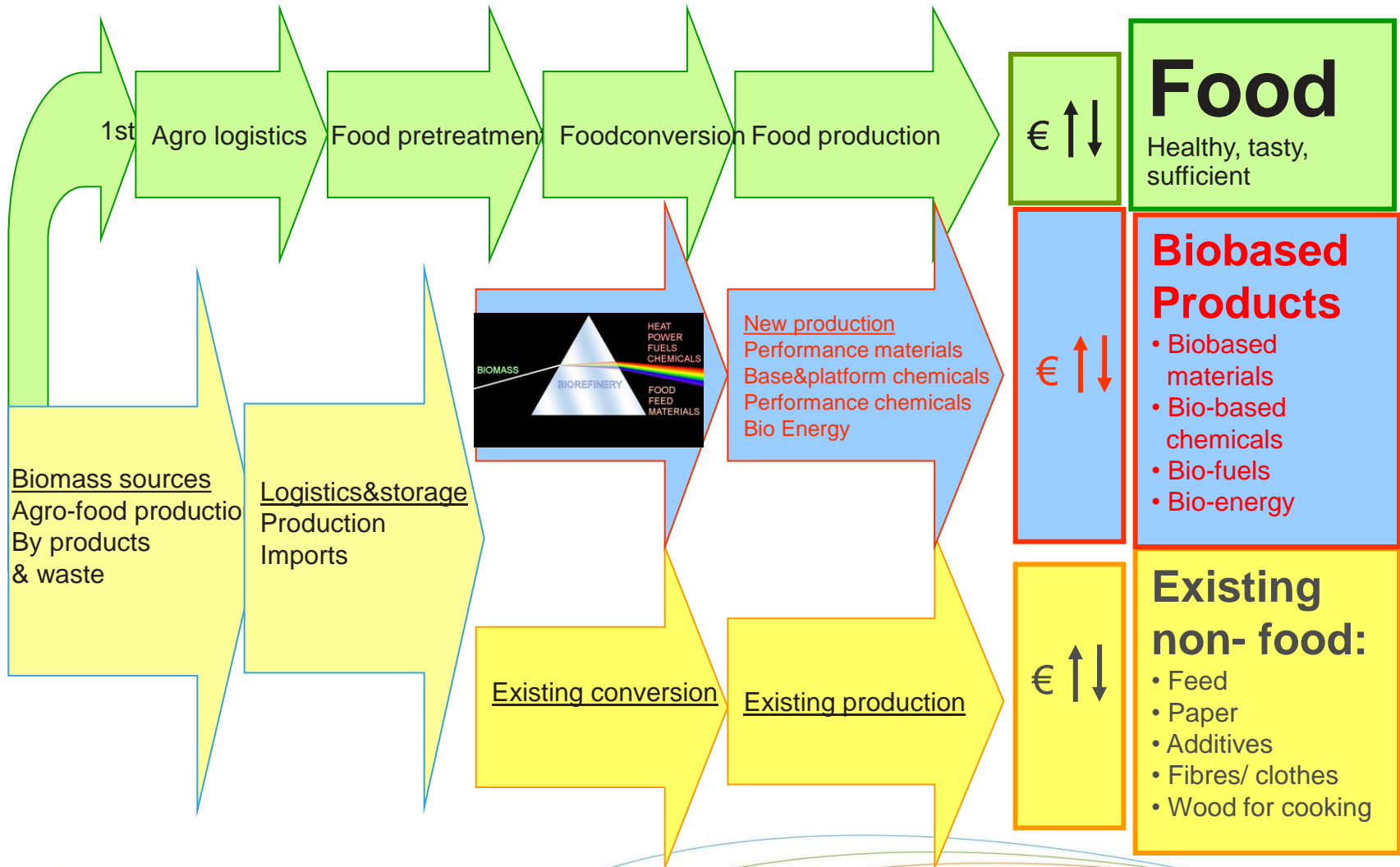
SAHYOG team

Delhi, Brokerage event EU-DBT, 3-4 February 2014

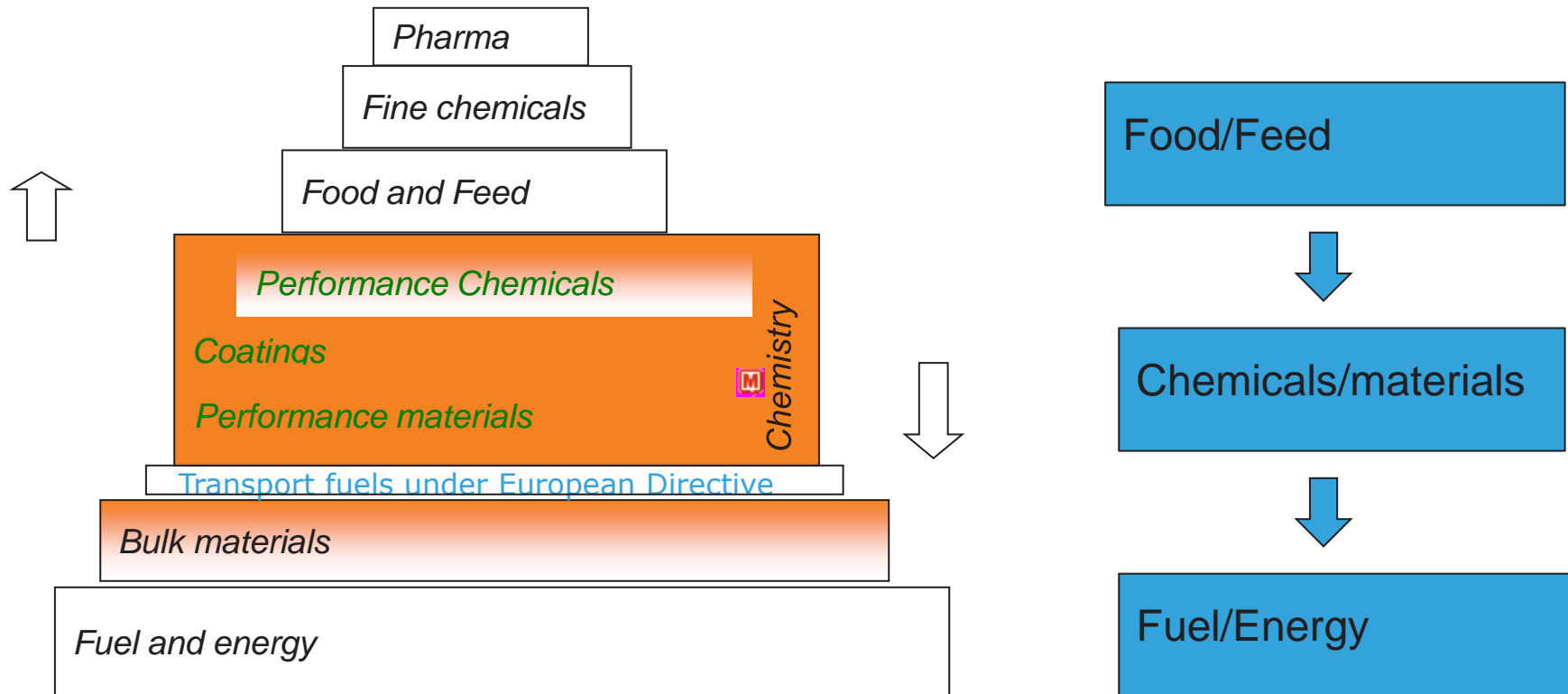


Department of Biotechnology  
Ministry of Science & Technology  
Govt. of India

# The new Production oriented value chain



# Value pyramid vs societal cascade of biomass

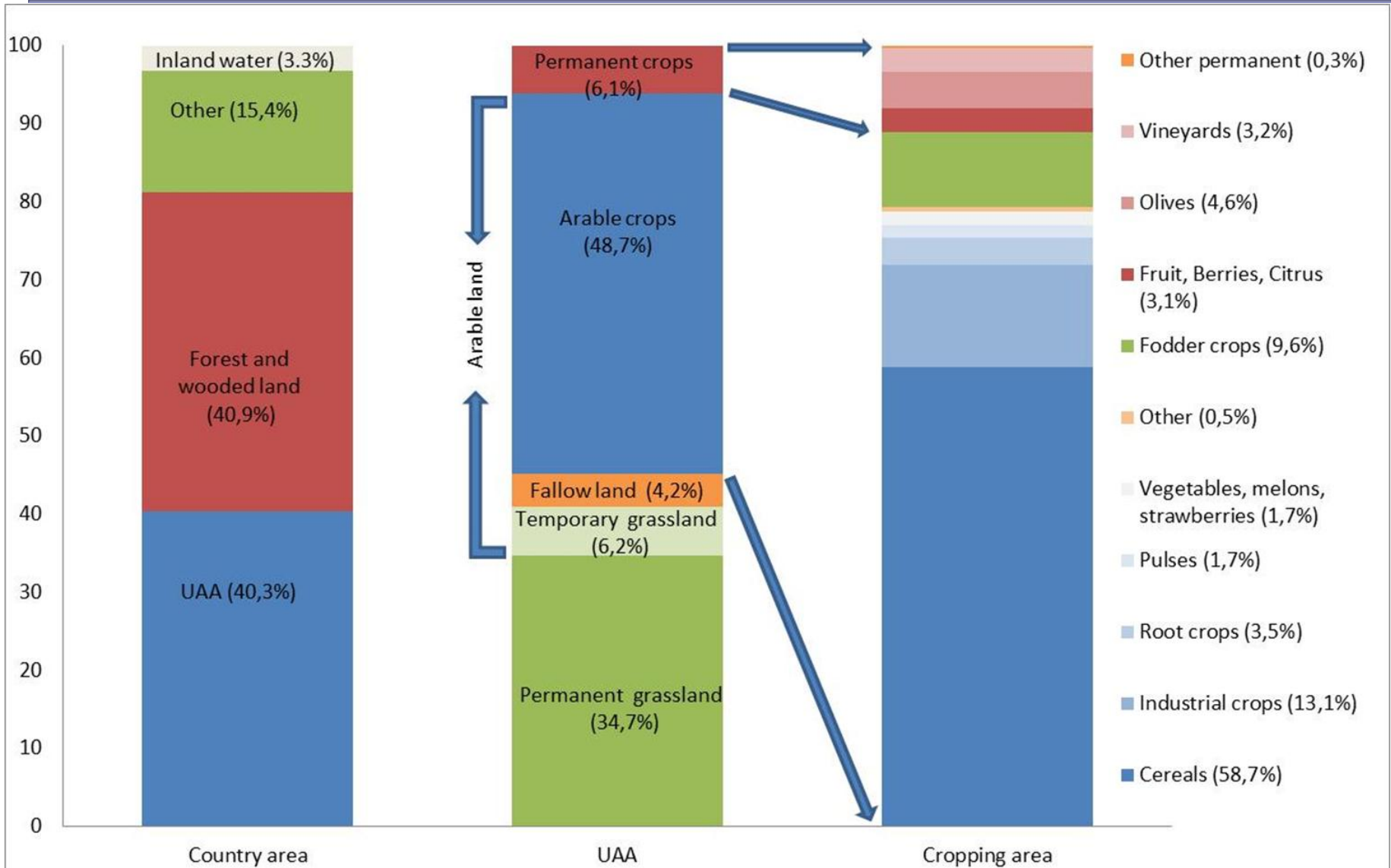


# Inventory, R&D needs

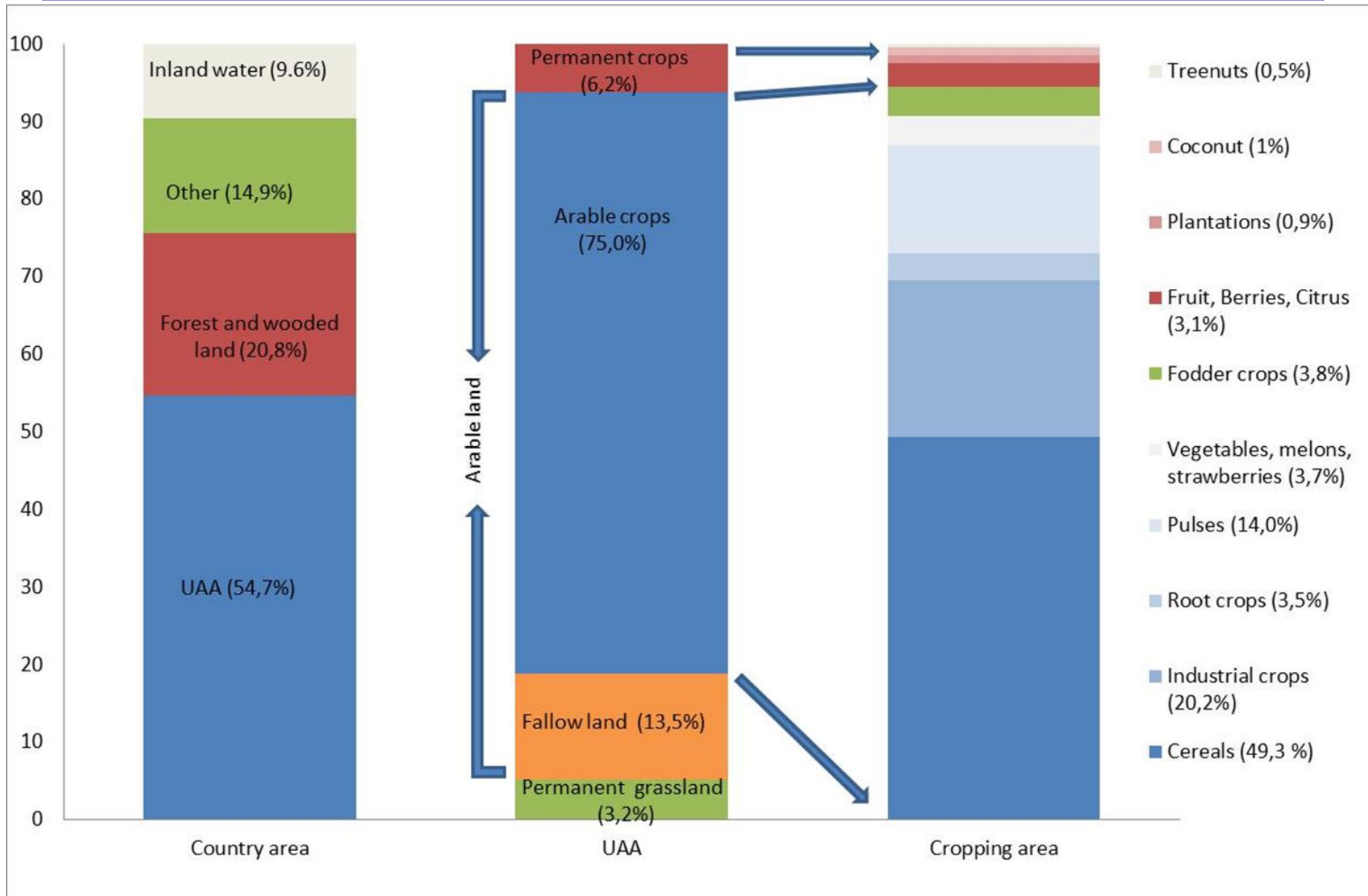
- » Inventories of biomass
  - » Surface – crops: geographical and climatological zones
  - » Food part, straw part, processing part
  - » Bulk vs high value
  - » Potential: irrigation, nutrients, adaptation, manipulation,....
- » Inventories of research projects (EU – ALCUE – INDIA) follow up of Star-Colibri
  - » Competences of research
  - » Problems to be solved
  - » Future → mind mapping
- » Networking & exchange
  - » Milestones in the inventories
  - » Companies needs
  - » Stakeholder meetings

Kolom1	projects	Funding
Cordis	605	€ 1.649.795.122
IEE	47	€ 41.833.612
StarColibri	294	€ 716.994.576
<b>Total Europe</b>	<b>946</b>	<b>€ 2.408.623.310</b>
<b>India</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>€ 350.000.000</b>

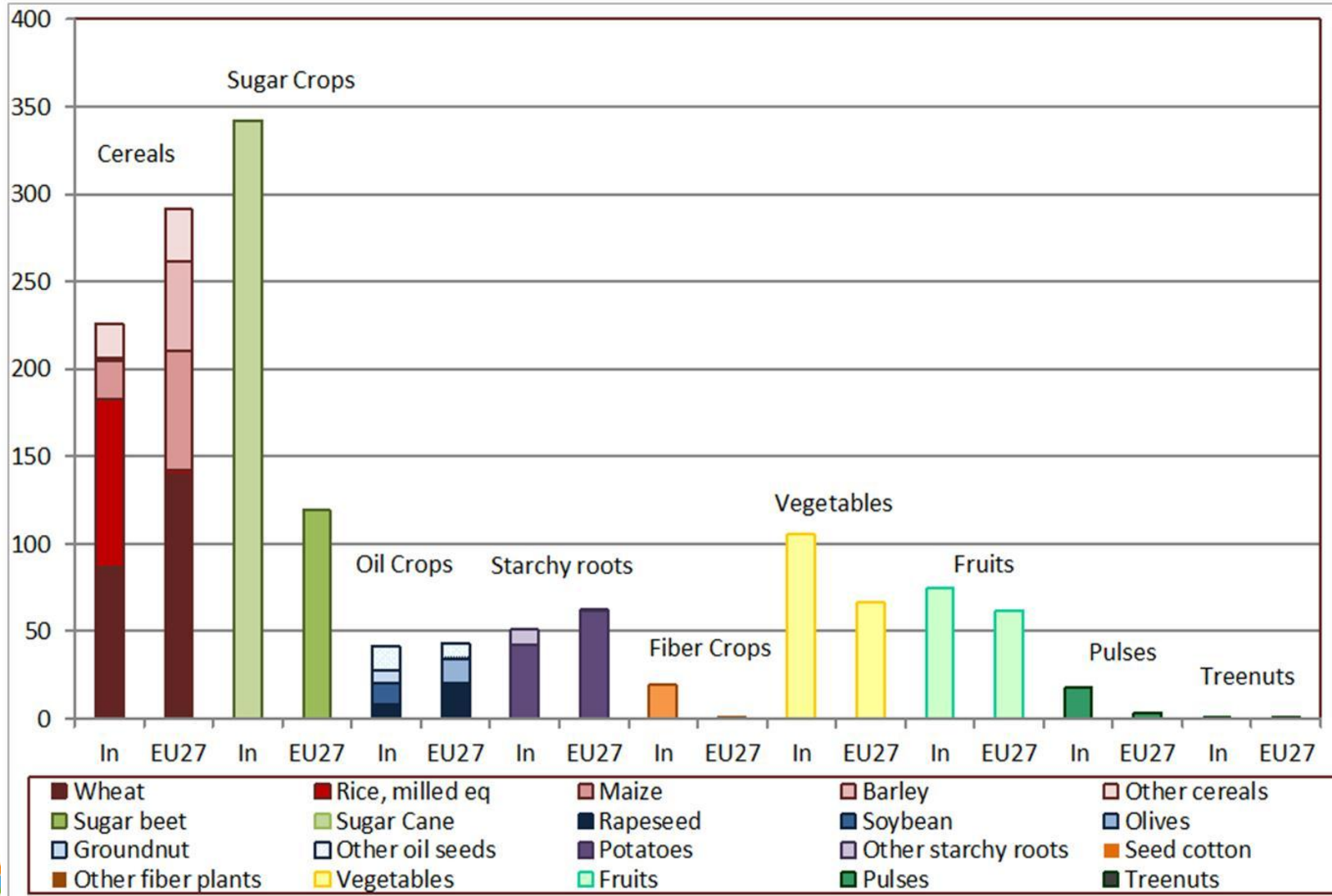
# Land use in India: 330 M ha



# Land use in Europe: 430 M ha

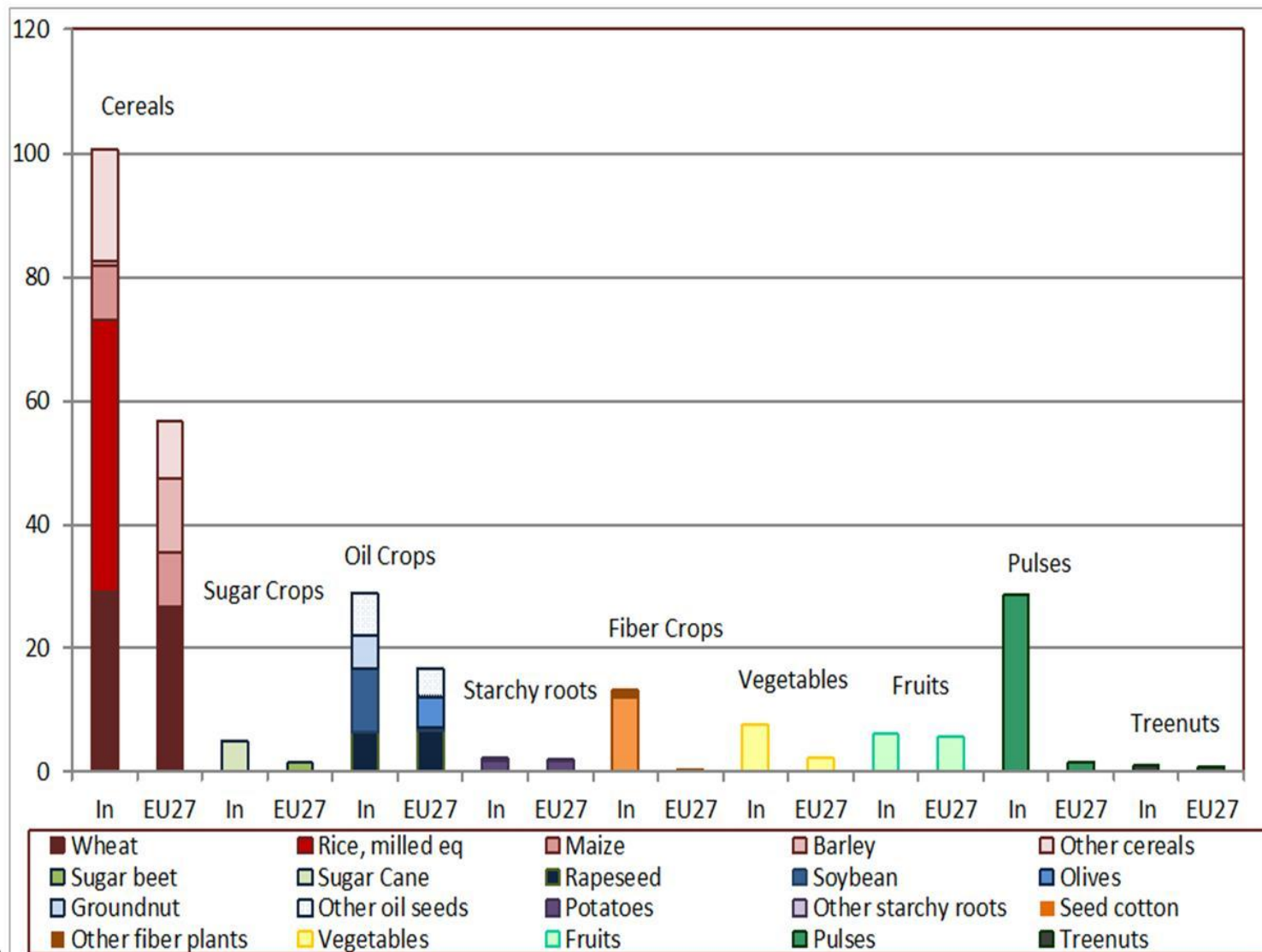


# Biomass production (MT) in India/EU



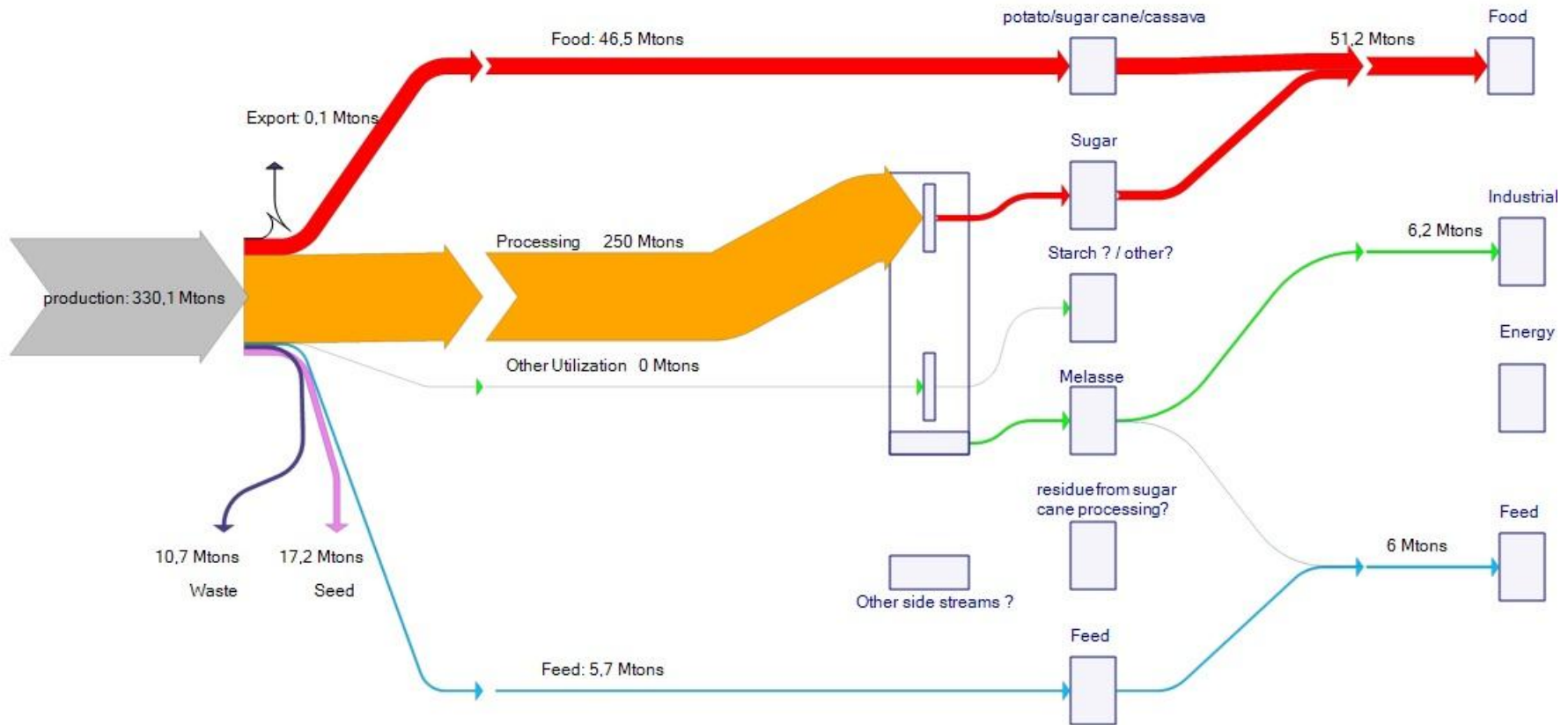


# Land use (Mha) for biomass cultivation in India/EU

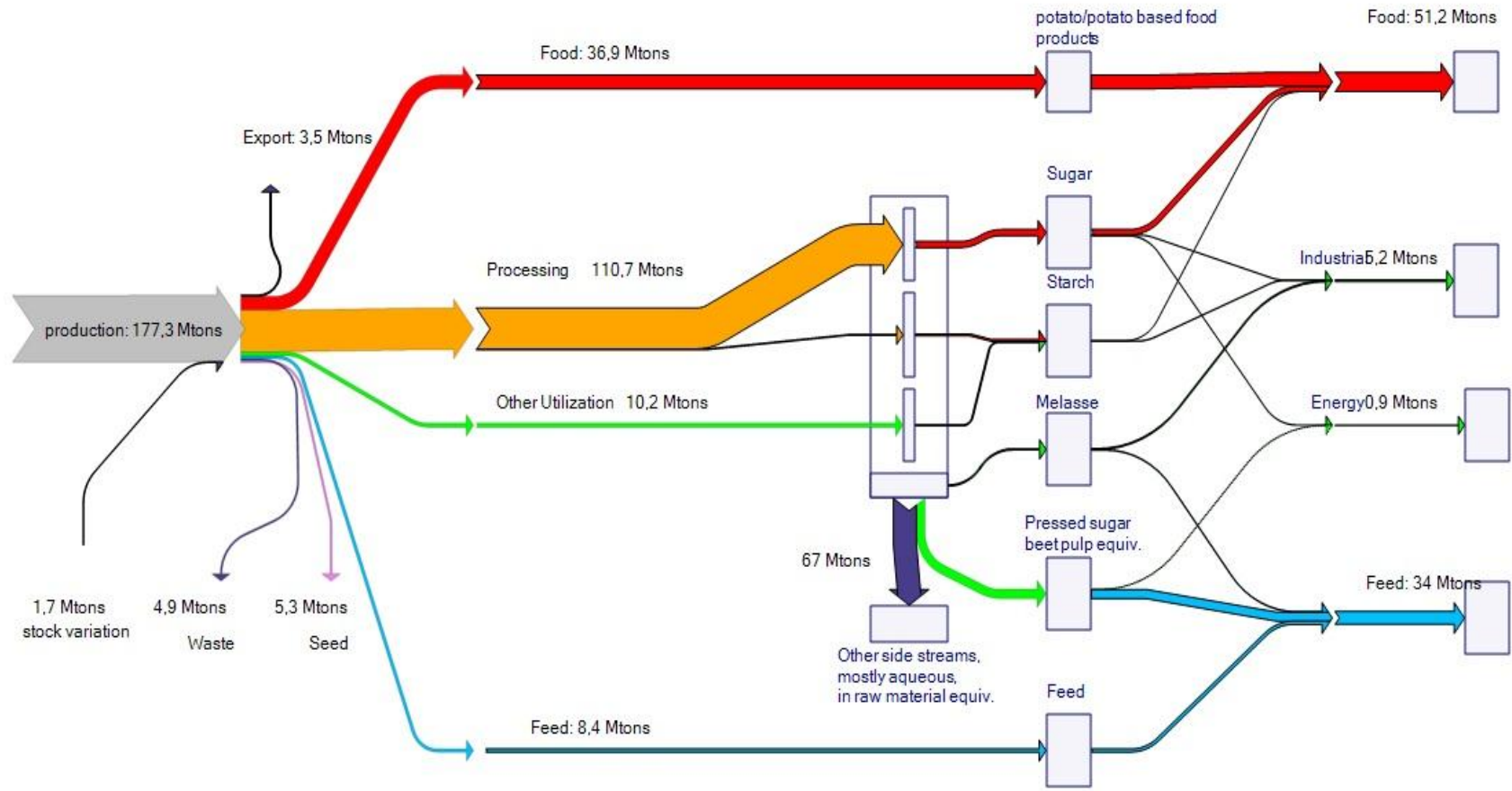




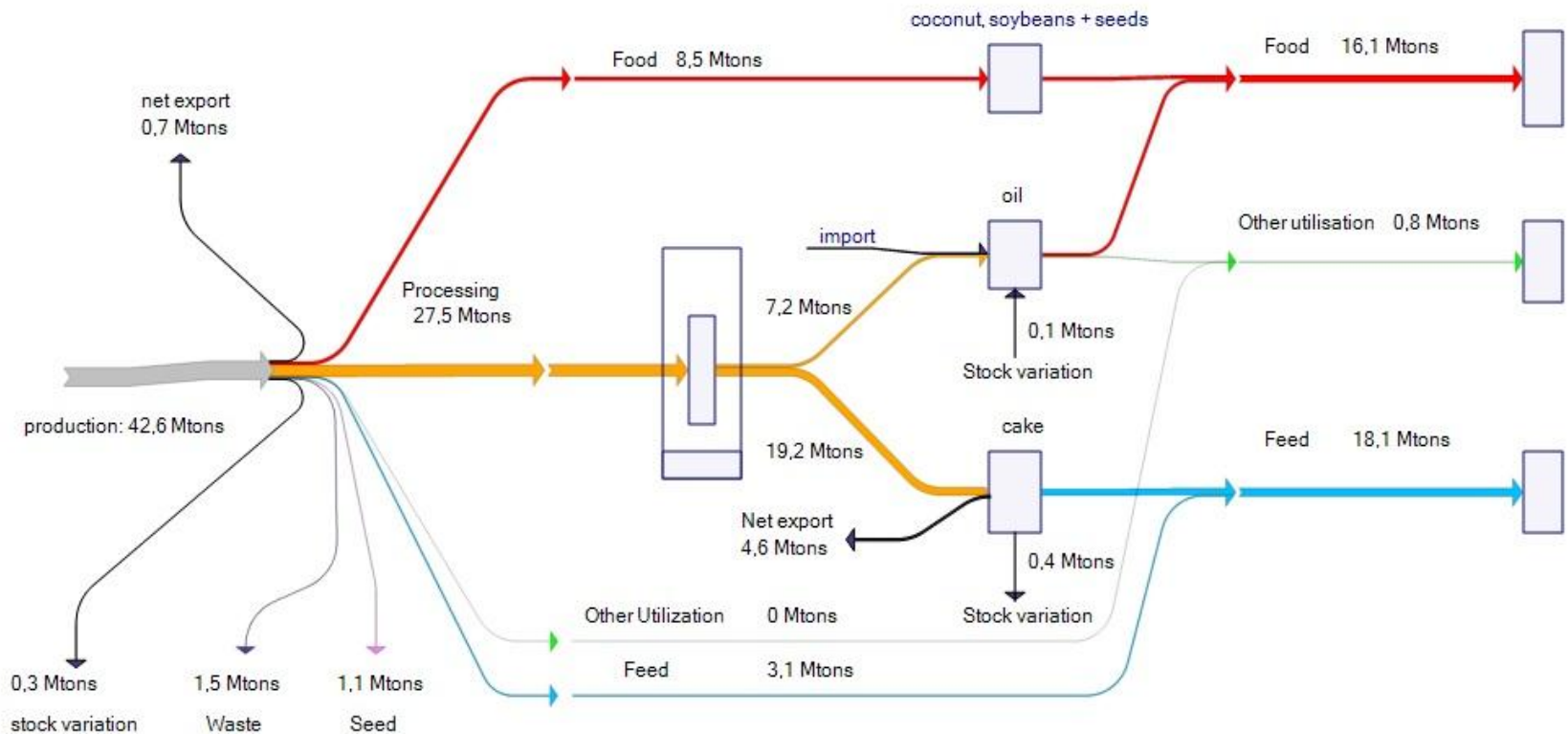
# Domestic Supply and Usage of Sugar crops & Starchy roots in India



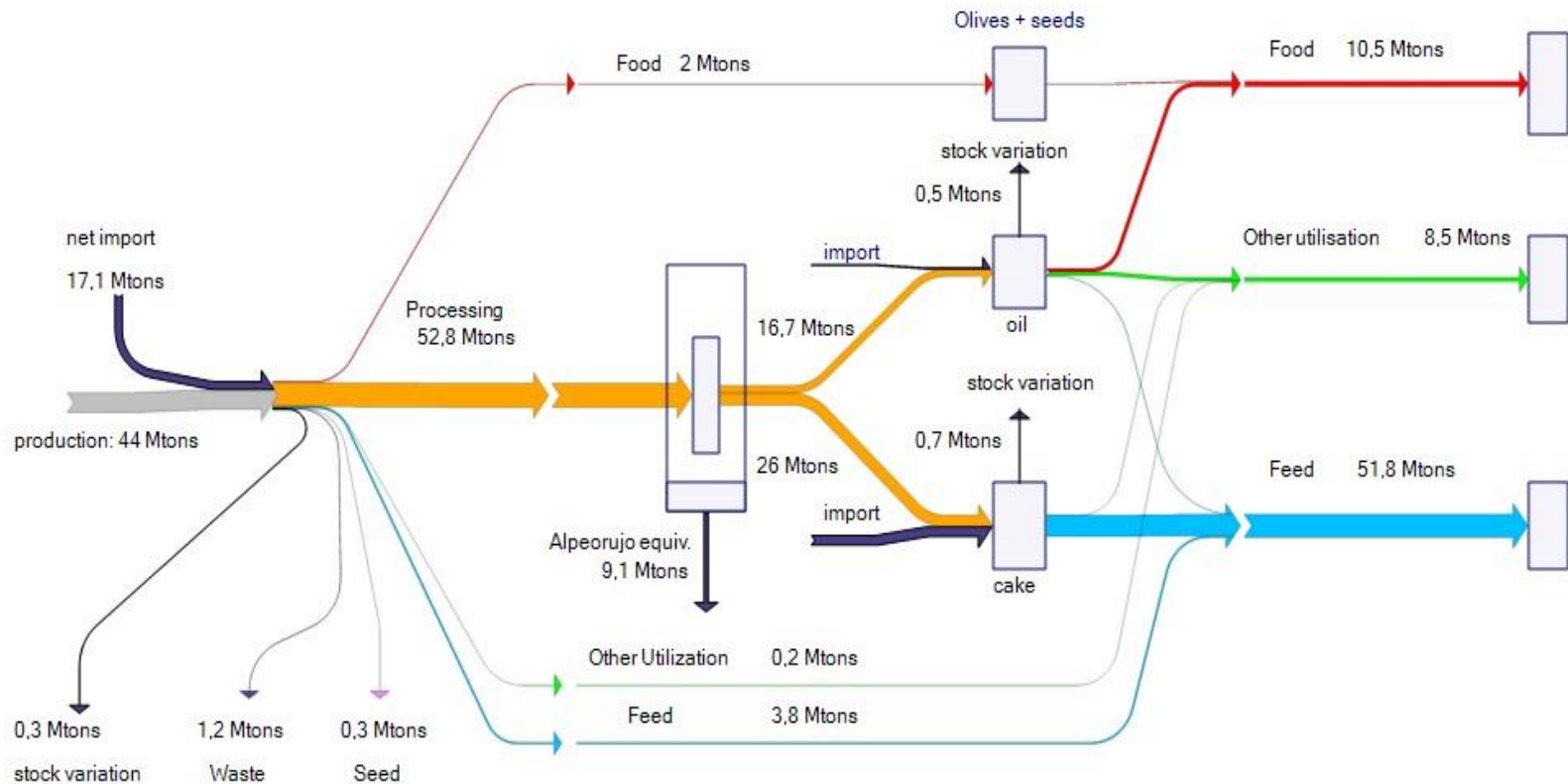
# Domestic Supply and Usage of Sugar crops & Starchy roots in EU-27



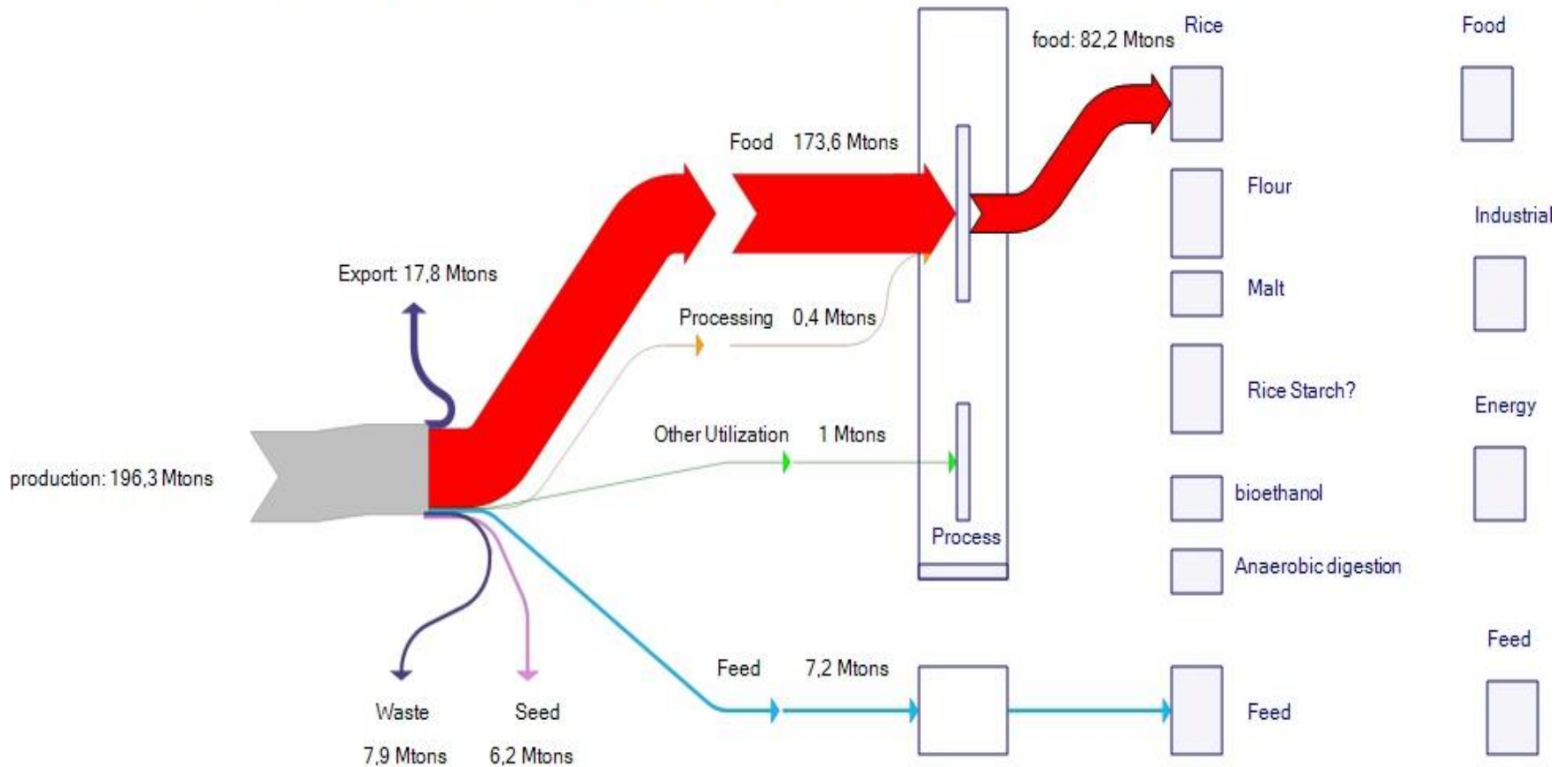
# Domestic Supply and usage of Oil seeds in india



# Domestic Supply and usage of Oil seeds in EU-27

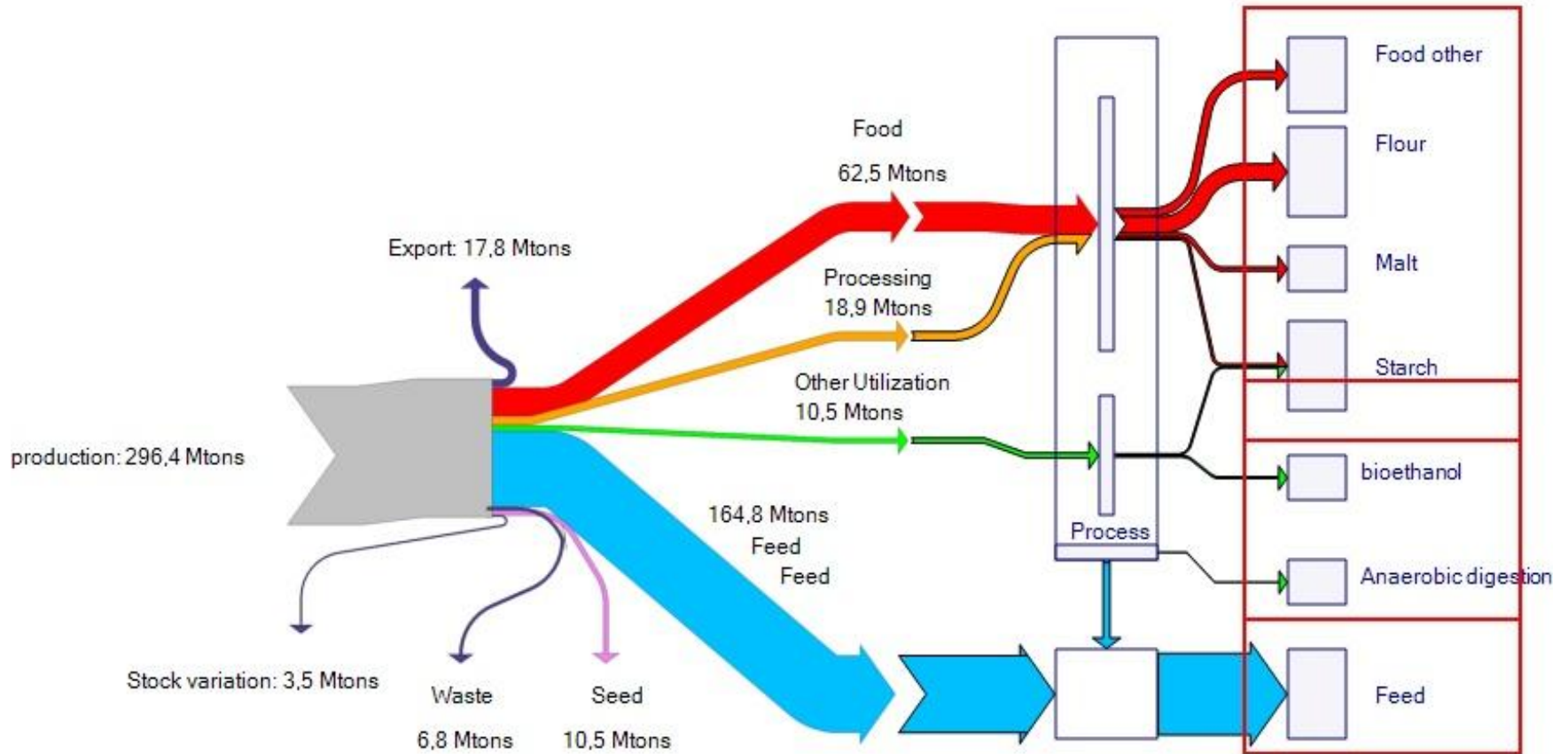


# Domestic Supply and Useage of Cereals in India





# Domestic Supply and Usage of Cereals in EU-27



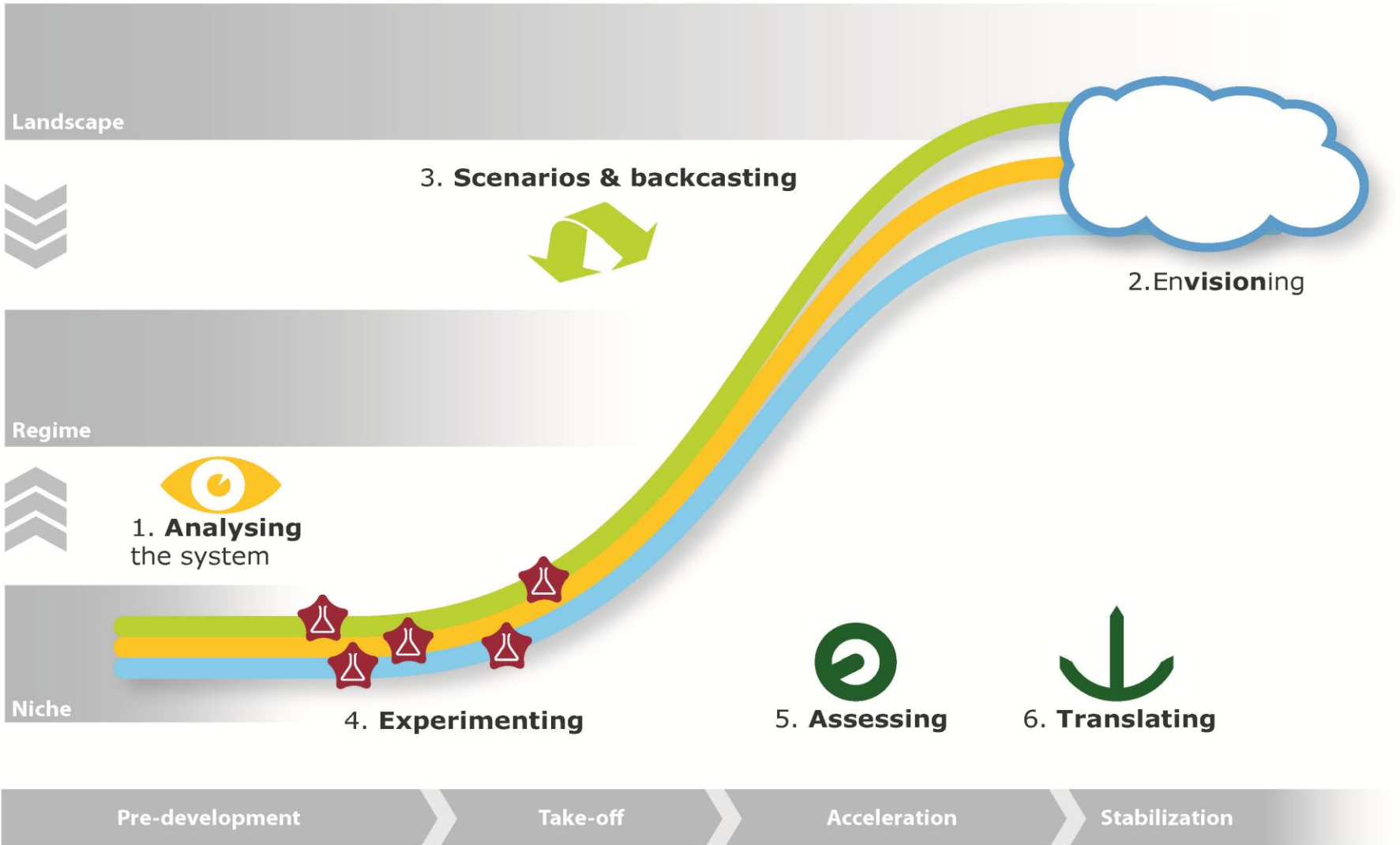
# Still struggling with waste and residues

Europe	India
42 M tons waste + 18 M tons crops	> 623 M tons crop residues
109 M tons agriculture residues	461 M tons consumed
> 169 M tons	> 162 M tons (220 M tons)
57 M tons wood (16 M m <sup>3</sup> cuttings)	
41 M tons additional roundwood	980 M tons cattle dung
66 M tons Forestry residues (1, 2, 3)	150 M tons MSW (not used)
10 M tons sewage sludge	> 10 M tons sewage sludge (will come)
? M tons Food Processing Waste	
220 M tons biodegradable household Waste	

→ Need for extra information and inventories



# Road Map towards a new Bioeconomy vision



# Strategic Research Agenda: Strategy !!!

- » Starting from existing Road Maps
- » Boundary conditions
- » Strategy building on the cons and supps to a new vision
- » Supporting actions to the road map
- » Definition of needs and gaps
- » Scenarios & backcasting
- » Brainstorms → Envisioning
- » Experiments
- » + assessing (e.g. LCA, twinning,...)
- » + translating

# Vision: Needs and challenges in Europe (1)

- » Biomass production
  - » High intensified agriculture
  - » Extension to Eastern Europe
  - » Multipurpose crops for biorefinery
  - » Wood & forest based biomass
  - » Limited biodiversity
- » Biorefinery
  - » Integrated biorefinery and value chain
  - » Process intensification
  - » Functionalised molecules with functionalisation/defunctionalisation
  - » Waste and environmental management

# Vision: Needs and challenges in Europe (2)

- » Markets & products, legislation
  - » Cascade
  - » Certification/standardisation
  - » Recycling
  - » The improved inventories for Europe become an action or task for the European Biotechnology Observatory
  - » We also need food processing data and data on sewage water and sludge

# Needs and challenges in India (1)

- » Biomass production
  - » Agriculture intensification (seeds, nutrients, water, practices,...)
  - » Logistics & storage
  - » High biodiversity
  - » 7000 km coastal zone
- » Biorefinery
  - » Food and processing
  - » Waste – waste - waste
  - » Energy application in order to convert environmental treaths
  - » > 50 Mtons used for cooking
  - » Strong sugar mill and bioethanol (old) infrastructure
  - » Strong potential to set up a bio-ethanol infrastructure (based on bagasse)

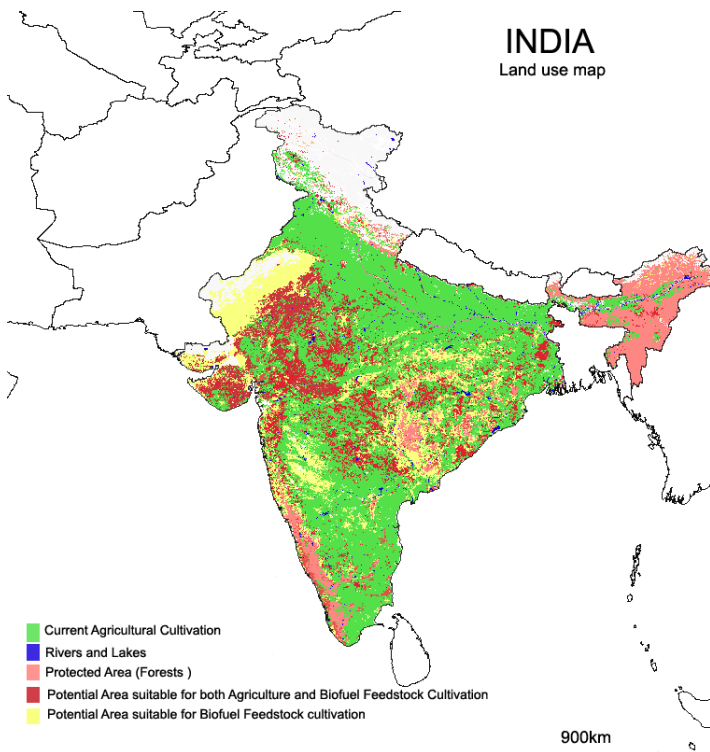


# Needs and challenges in India (2)

- » Markets and products, legislation
  - » Processed food
  - » Energy under all forms integrated with recovery of added value compounds
  - » Rural development: small holder versus farmer cooperations producer companies)
  - » Later on high added value molecules (medicinal plants)
  - » Food price policy
  - » Change use of biomass
    - » Other energy sources or better cooking systems
    - » Other or better fodder resources; better pretreatment of fodder will lead to higher nutritional value

# Needs and challenges in India (3)

- » > 500 M tons biomass available
- » 32% from energy still derived from biomass
- » 70% of population depends on biomass for its energy needs
- » Thermochemical conversion:
  - » Combustion
  - » Gasification
  - » Pyrolysis





# Research Recommendations: Biomass production (1)

- » Agricultural production intensification
  - » Low yields in India

	India	Flanders/EU
Wheat grains	2.7 ton/ha	8.3 ton/ha
straw	4.3 ton/ha	4.1 ton/ha
Maize grains	2.2 ton/ha	11.4 ton/ha
stover	3.6 ton/ha	34.4 ton/ha

- » Need for better plants/seeds
- » Water and nutrient management

# Research Recommendations: Biomass production (2)

- » Modelling of cropping scenarios
- » Remote monitoring & GIS for plant production and prediction
- » Investment plan for agro – ecological – climatological locations
  - ➔ crops fit for land
- » Technologies to harvest by-products + assessment of limits of crop removal
- » Improved agricultural practices
  
- » More resilient plants (draught, heat, salinity, acidity) => restore abandoned land
- » Multipurpose plants for a bioeconomy (e.g. more straw producing)
- » New crops allowing agricultural intensification

# Research Recommendations: Biomass production (3)

- » India and Europe have a large coastal area
- » Different climatological conditions

➔ Blue economy/algae



- » Cheaper microalgae and seaweed production & harvesting
- » Integrated biorefinery of micro- and macro-algae (oils/fats, glycerol processing, proteins)

- » Forest and grasses potential
- » Fast growing trees and grasses
- » Bamboo based biorefinery



# Research Recommendations: Waste (1)

- » Waste Reduction & monitoring
  - » Methodologies to reduce waste production
  - » Segregation of waste for better re-use
  - » Survey of waste: landfill investigation
  - » MSW and industrial waste inventories
- ➔ Strongly experience from Europe to India

# Research Recommendations: Waste (3)

- » Waste conversion into added value products
  - » Biomass in wastewater systems
  - » Special attention to food processing waste
  - » Strategy to apply waste as feedstock for energy and biobased products
  - » Forestry residues
  - » Waste conversion and enzyme development
  - » Composting of waste?
  - » Waste and wastewater valorisation through VFA platforms
- » Circular economy development
  - » Better and maximum utilization of biowaste
  - » Carbon recycling via recycling of bio-based molecules and polymers

# Research Recommendations: Biorefineries (1)

- » Lignocellulosic biomass as a resource for energy/materials
  - » Smart enzymes for lignocellulose and lignin hydrolysis
  - » Robust yeast for saccharification and production
  - » Process intensification for lignocellulosic biorefineries
  - » Valorisation of lignin by conversion into bio-aromatics
  - » Production & refining of food and non-food oil plants (Jatropha, Castor, Salicornia, cardoon, ... )
  - » Wet biomass refinery of algae, grass, waste (e.g. protein extraction)

# Research Recommendations: Biorefineries (2)

- » Thermochemical conversion processes
- » Need for pyrolysis oil platform towards advanced biofuels and chemicals
  - » Pretreatment for gasification, combination pyrolysis & gasification
  - » Valorisation of pyrolysis oil and syngas
  - » Treatment of non-biowaste (e.g. plastics) to syngas + fermentation to chemicals and fuel
  - » CO<sub>2</sub> conversion to chemicals and fuels



# Research Recommendations: Biorefineries (3)

- » Improved anaerobic digestion systems
- » Improving overall efficiencies & reduction of costs
- » Pretreatment, upgrading of biogas
  - » Mono-digestion and multiple feedstock or co-digestion
  - » Microbiology and enzymes for pretreatment
  - » Integration of pretreatment with added value extraction
  - » AD integration with multiple products (H<sub>2</sub>, VFA, fibres, nutrients, ...)
  - » Digestate as fertilizer (hygienic aspects)
  - » Biogas upgrading (gas grid)

# Recommendations: Policy, market, products (1)

- » Society
  - » Governance for societal acceptance of bio-economy
    - » Communication and awareness creation: use of biowaste, waste disposal approach, segregation of waste
    - » Education in ecology, environment, biobased economy
    - » Technically qualified human resources for clean energy and bio-based economy (agriculture and industry)
  - » Transition from largely fossil-fuel driven to clean and renewable energy
  - » Capacity building of farmers to invest in bio-economy
  - » Better sharing/involvement of marginal farmers in supply chain
- » Legislation
  - » Declassify residues from waste to resource (LMI)
  - » Market driven pricing system
  - » Waste transport legislation
  - » Clear and transparent regulatory foundation

# Recommendations: Policy, market, products (2)

- » Market
  - » Promotion of industry for transition to bio-economy
  - » Market and economical potential studies
  - » Lessons learnt from failures
  - » Public procurement of biobased products
  - » Standards for biobased products
- » Products
  - » Agreement on GHG reduction performance of biobased products and energy
  - » Specific markets exploration (bio-based plastics in addition to paper)
- » Logistics
  - » Reduction of pre- and post harvest losses (development of sustainable systems)

# Recommendations: Policy, market, products (3)

- » Sustainability
  - » Agreement on sustainable production and use of biomass
  - » Sustainability and economic profitability assessment for full systems
- » Research
  - » Joint EU-IN study on markets: biobased polymers, aromatics, fibres, ...
  - » Research into development of performance criteria of biobased products, GHG reduction, land use etc.
  - » Standards of biobased products
  - » Pricing mechanisms of biobased products and supporting energy
  - » Creation of level playingfield for biobased products and energy
  - » Sustainability limitations
  - » Optimisation of geographical locations for biobased products

# What is missing?

- » What are the needs of industry?
- » What are the needs of the small holders (farmers)?
- » What are the needs of the society?
- » Public validation.
- » What is the political will?
- » ...

# What will be the road map?

- » Which are the topics for common research? (limited number)

## Bilateral (EU-India)

- » Waste/wastewater to energy → lead via India
- » Wood biorefinery + bamboo → lead via EU
- » Lignocellulose 2G chemicals (which ones?) + bamboo → lead via EU
- » Algae, marine biomass → lead via India
- » Crop improvement → EU-India

## Unilateral (EU or India)

- » Medicinal plants and biodiversity → lead via India
- » Sugar-based bioeconomy → lead via Europe

## Strategy (limited R & D)

- » Agricultural practice, logistics, storage, ...



# A bright future for bio-based economy in EU and India



**For more information visit our  
web-site**

<http://www.sahyog-europa-india.eu/>

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